

第四章

第1节

1. 1.12克.

第2节

1. (1) $-f'(x_0)$; (2) $f'(x_0)$; (3) $2f'(x_0)$.

3. 提示: 证明 $f(1) = 0$, $f'(1) = 2$.

6. (1) 不可导点: $x = k\pi$ ($k \in \mathbb{Z}$), $f'_-(k\pi) = -1$, $f'_+(k\pi) = 1$;

(2) 不可导点: $x = 2k\pi$ ($k \in \mathbb{Z}$), $f'_-(2k\pi) = -\sqrt{2}$, $f'_+(2k\pi) = \sqrt{2}$;

(3) 不可导点: $x = 0$, $f'_-(0) = 1$, $f'_+(0) = -1$;

(4) 不可导点: $x = 0$, $f'_-(0) = -1$, $f'_+(0) = 1$.

7. (1) 可导; (2) $a = b = 0$ 时可导, 其他情况不可导; (3) 不可导; (4) $a < 0$ 时可导, $a \geq 0$ 时不可导.

10. (1) 不一定; 反例: $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \cos \frac{1}{x}$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \infty$, $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}(-1 + \sin \frac{1}{x})$,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f'(x) = \infty$ 不成立.

(2) 不一定; 反例: $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$.

第3节

3. (1) $3\cos x + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$;

(2) $\cos x - x\sin x + 2x$;

(3) $(2x+7)\sin x + (x^2+7x-5)\cos x$;

(4) $2x(3\tan x + 2\sec x) + x^2(3\sec^2 x + 2\tan x \sec x)$;

(5) $e^x(\sin x + \cos x) + 4\sin x - \frac{3}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$;

(6) $(1+2\cos x - 2^x \ln 2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{2}{3}(x+2\sin x - 2^x)x^{\frac{5}{3}}$;

$$(7) \frac{\sin x - 1}{(x + \cos x)^2};$$

$$(8) \frac{2(x \sin x + x^2 \cos x - 2)(\sqrt{x} + 1) - \sqrt{x}(x \sin x - 2 \ln x)}{2x(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2};$$

$$(9) \frac{(3x^2 - \csc^2 x)x \ln x - x^3 - \cot x}{x \ln^2 x};$$

$$(10) \frac{-2(x + \sin x \cos x)}{(x \sin x - \cos x)^2};$$

$$(11) \left(e^x + \frac{1}{x \ln 3}\right) \arcsin x + \left(e^x + \frac{\ln x}{\ln 3}\right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}};$$

$$(12) -x^2 \operatorname{sh} x \left(\cot x \csc x + \frac{3}{x}\right) + x(\csc x - 3 \ln x)(2 \operatorname{sh} x + x \operatorname{ch} x);$$

$$(13) \frac{(1 + \tan x \sec x)(x - \csc x) - (x + \sec x)(1 + \cot x \csc x)}{(x - \csc x)^2};$$

$$(14) \frac{(1+x^2)(1+\cos x) \arctan x - (x+\sin x)}{(1+x^2) \arctan^2 x}.$$

5. 提示: 设切点为 (x_0, x_0) , $f(x) = \log_a x$, 利用 $f(x_0) = x_0$ 与 $f'(x_0) = 1$ 解出 x_0 与 a .

$$6. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} y(x_n) = \frac{1}{e}.$$

$$7. S_1 = \{(x, y) \mid a(ax^2 + bx + c - y) > 0\},$$

$$S_2 = \{(x, y) \mid ax^2 + bx + c - y = 0\},$$

$$S_3 = \{(x, y) \mid a(ax^2 + bx + c - y) < 0\}.$$

第4节

$$1. (1) 2(2x^2 - x + 1)(4x - 1);$$

$$(2) e^{2x}(3 \cos 3x + 2 \sin 3x);$$

$$(3) -\frac{3}{2}x^2(1+x^3)^{-\frac{3}{2}};$$

$$(4) \frac{1 - \ln x}{2x^2} \left(\frac{x}{\ln x} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} ;$$

$$(5) 3x^2 \cos x^3 ;$$

$$(6) -\frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} ;$$

$$(7) \frac{x - 1 - \sqrt{1+x}}{2\sqrt{1+x}(x + \sqrt{1+x})} ;$$

$$(8) \frac{-2x}{\sqrt{e^{2x^2} - 1}} ;$$

$$(9) \frac{2(x^4 + 1)}{x(x^4 - 1)} ;$$

$$(10) \frac{-2(4x + \cos x)}{(2x^2 + \sin x)^3} ;$$

$$(11) \frac{2(1-x^2)\ln x - (1+\ln^2 x)(1-2x^2)}{x^2(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} ;$$

$$(12) \frac{1 + \csc x^2 + x^2 \csc x^2 \cot x^2}{(1 + \csc x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} ;$$

$$(13) -\frac{8}{3}x(2x^2 - 1)^{\frac{4}{3}} - \frac{27}{4}x^2(3x^3 + 1)^{\frac{5}{4}} ;$$

$$(14) -\sin 2x \cdot e^{-\sin^2 x} ;$$

$$(15) \frac{2x^4 - 3a^2x^2 + a^4 + a^2}{(a^2 - x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} .$$

$$2. (1) \cot x ; (2) \csc x ; (3) \begin{cases} \sqrt{a^2 - x^2} & a > 0 \\ -\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} & a < 0 \end{cases} ; (4) \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}} ; (5) \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} .$$

$$3. (1) \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}}f'(x^{\frac{2}{3}}) ; (2) -\frac{1}{x \ln^2 x} f'(\frac{1}{\ln x}) ; (3) \frac{f'(x)}{2\sqrt{f(x)}} ; (4) \frac{f'(x)}{1+f^2(x)} ;$$

$$(5) 2xe^{x^2} f'(e^{x^2}) f'(f(e^{x^2})) ; (6) \cos(f(\sin x)) f'(\sin x) \cos x ;$$

$$(7) -\frac{f'(x)}{f^2(x)} f'\left(\frac{1}{f(x)}\right); (8) -\frac{f'(f(x))f'(x)}{(f(f(x)))^2}.$$

$$4.(1) (1+\ln x)x^x;$$

$$(2) (x^3 + \sin x)^{\frac{1}{x}} \left[\frac{3x^2 + \cos x}{x(x^3 + \sin x)} - \frac{\ln(x^3 + \sin x)}{x^2} \right];$$

$$(3) (\ln \cos x - x \tan x) \cos^x x;$$

$$(4) \left[\ln \ln(2x+1) + \frac{2x}{(2x+1)\ln(2x+1)} \right] \ln^x(2x+1);$$

$$(5) \frac{x\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^3}} \left[\frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{1-x^2} - \frac{3x^2}{2(1+x^3)} \right];$$

$$(6) \prod_{i=1}^n (x-x_i) \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{x-x_i};$$

$$(7) \frac{2+\ln x}{2\sqrt{x}} x^{\sqrt{x}} \cos x^{\sqrt{x}}.$$

$$5.(1) \frac{1+y^2}{y^2}; (2) -\frac{e^y}{1+xe^y}; (3) \frac{1+2(\sin y-x)}{2(\sin y-x)\cos y-\sin y}; (4) \frac{y^2+y}{1-x-xy};$$

$$(5) -\frac{2xe^{x^2+y}-y^2}{e^{x^2+y}-2xy}; (6) \frac{\sec^2(x+y)-y}{x-\sec^2(x+y)}; (7) -\frac{2y^2 \cos x + y \ln y}{x+2y \sin x};$$

$$(8) \frac{ay-x^2}{y^2-ax}.$$

$$8.(1) \frac{3bt}{2a}; (2) \frac{3t^2-1}{2t}; (3) \frac{-t \sin t + 2 \cos t}{t \cos t + 2 \sin t}; (4) -\frac{b}{a} e^{2t}; (5) -\tan t;$$

$$(6) \frac{bshbt}{achat}; (7) -1; (8) -\sqrt{\frac{1+t}{1-t}}; (9) \frac{(\sin t - \cos t) \tan t}{\sin t + \cos t}; (10) \frac{t}{2}.$$

$$13.(1) [f'(u)g(u)h(u) + f(u)g'(u)h(u) + f(u)g(u)h'(u)]\varphi'(x)dx;$$

$$(2) \frac{f'(u)g(u)h(u) + f(u)g'(u)h(u) - f(u)g(u)h'(u)}{(h(u))^2} \varphi'(x)dx;$$

$$(3) h(u)^{g(u)} \left[g(u) \frac{h'(u)}{h(u)} + g'(u) \ln h(u) \right] \varphi'(x)dx;$$

$$(4) \frac{h(u)g'(u)\ln h(u) - h'(u)g(u)\ln g(u)}{h(u)g(u)\ln^2 h(u)} \varphi'(x) dx ;$$

$$(5) \frac{f'(u)h(u) - f(u)h'(u)}{f^2(u) + h^2(u)} \varphi'(x) dx ;$$

$$(6) - \frac{f(u)f'(u) + h(u)h'(u)}{(f^2(u) + h^2(u))^{\frac{3}{2}}} \varphi'(x) dx .$$

第5节

1. (1) $y''' = 6 ;$

(2) $y'' = 7x^2 + 12x^2 \ln x ;$

(3) $y'' = \frac{3x^2 + 8x + 8}{4(1+x)^{\frac{5}{2}}} ;$

(4) $y'' = \frac{6\ln x - 5}{x^4} ;$

(5) $y'' = 6x \cos x^3 - 9x^4 \sin x^3 ;$

$$y''' = -54x^3 \sin x^3 - (27x^6 - 6) \cos x^3 ;$$

(6) $y'' = (6x - \frac{1}{4}x^2) \cos \sqrt{x} - \frac{11}{4}x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin \sqrt{x} ;$

$$y''' = (6 - \frac{15}{8}x) \cos \sqrt{x} + (\frac{1}{8}x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{57}{8}x^{\frac{1}{2}}) \sin \sqrt{x} ;$$

(7) $y''' = (27x^2 + 54x + 18)e^{3x} ;$

(8) $y'' = \left[2(2x^2 - 1) \arcsin x + \frac{x(4x^2 - 3)}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right] e^{-x^2} ;$

(9) $y^{(80)} = 2^{80} [x(x^2 - 4740) \cos 2x + (120x^2 - 61620) \sin 2x] ;$

(10) $y^{(99)} = (2x^2 + 19405) \operatorname{ch} x + 396x \operatorname{sh} x .$

2. (1) $y^{(n)} = 2^{n-1} \omega^n \sin(2\omega x + \frac{n-1}{2}\pi) ;$

$$(2) y^{(n)} = 2^x \left[\ln^n 2 \cdot \ln x + \sum_{k=1}^n C_n^k \ln^{n-k} 2 \cdot \frac{(-1)^{k-1} (k-1)!}{x^k} \right];$$

$$(3) y^{(n)} = e^x \sum_{k=0}^n C_n^k \frac{(-1)^k k!}{x^{k+1}};$$

$$(4) y^{(n)} = (-1)^n n! \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{1}{(x-2)^{n-k+1} (x-3)^{k+1}};$$

$$(5) y^{(n)} = e^{\alpha x} \sum_{k=0}^n C_n^k \alpha^{n-k} \beta^k \cos\left(\beta x + \frac{k\pi}{2}\right);$$

$$(6) y = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\cos 4x}{4}, \quad y^{(n)} = 4^{n-1} \cos\left(4x + \frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \quad (n \geq 1).$$

4. (1) $[f(x^2)]''' = 8x^3 f''''(x^2) + 12xf'''(x^2);$

$$(2) \left[f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right]''' = -\frac{f''''\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + 6xf'''\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + 6x^2 f''\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{x^6};$$

$$(3) [f(\ln x)]'' = \frac{f''(\ln x) - f'(\ln x)}{x^2};$$

$$(4) [\ln f(x)]'' = \frac{f''(x)f(x) - (f'(x))^2}{f^2(x)};$$

$$(5) [f(e^{-x})]''' = -e^{-3x} f''''(e^{-x}) - 3e^{-2x} f'''(e^{-x}) - e^{-x} f''(e^{-x});$$

$$(6) [f(\arctan x)]'' = \frac{f''(\arctan x) - 2xf'(\arctan x)}{(1+x^2)^2}.$$

5. (1) 提示: 由 $y'(1+x^2) = 1$, 两边求 n 阶导数, $\sum_{k=0}^n C_n^k y^{(n-k+1)} (1+x^2)^{(k)} = 0$, 以 $x=0$

代入, 得到递推公式 $y^{(n+1)}(0) = -n(n-1)y^{(n-1)}(0)$, 从而得到

$$y^{(n)}(0) = \begin{cases} (-1)^{\frac{n-1}{2}} & n \text{ 为奇数}; \\ 0 & n \text{ 为偶数} \end{cases}$$

(2) 提示: 利用 $xy' = (1-x^2)y''$, 类似 (1) 得到

$$y^{(n)}(0) = \begin{cases} [(n-2)!!]^2 & n \text{ 为奇数} \\ 0 & n \text{ 为偶数} \end{cases}$$

$$6.(1) y'' = \frac{4xy' + 2y - e^{x^2+y}[2 + 4x^2 + 4xy' + (y')^2]}{e^{x^2+y} - x^2}, \text{ 其中 } y' = \frac{2x(y - e^{x^2+y})}{e^{x^2+y} - x^2};$$

$$(2) y'' = \frac{2\sec(x+y)\tan(x+y)(1+y')^2 - 2y'}{x - \sec^2(x+y)}, \text{ 其中 } y' = \frac{\sec^2(x+y) - y}{x - \sec^2(x+y)};$$

$$(3) y'' = \frac{2y^3 \sin x - 4y^2 y' \cos x - 2yy' + x(y')^2}{xy + 2y^2 \sin x}, \text{ 其中 } y' = -\frac{2y^2 \cos x + y \ln y}{x + 2y \sin x};$$

$$(4) y'' = \frac{2x + 2y(y')^2 - 2ay'}{ax - y^2}, \text{ 其中 } y' = \frac{ay - x^2}{y^2 - ax}.$$

$$7.(1) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{3b}{4a^2 t};$$

$$(2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{t^2 + 2}{a(t \sin t - \cos t)^3};$$

$$(3) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{2 + t^2 - 2 \sin t - t \cos t}{(1 - \sin t - t \cos t)^3};$$

$$(4) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{2b}{a^2} e^{3t};$$

$$(5) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = -\frac{2}{(1-t)^{\frac{3}{2}}};$$

$$(6) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{b(a \sin at \sin bt + b \cos at \cos bt)}{a^2 \cos^3 at}.$$

$$9.(1) d^2 y = \frac{2(1 - \sec^2 x)^2 + 6 \sec^2 x \tan x (x - \tan x)}{9(\tan x - x)^{\frac{5}{3}}} dx^2;$$

$$(2) d^4 y = (x^4 - 16x^3 + 72x^2 - 96x + 24)e^{-x} dx^4;$$

$$(3) d^2 y = \frac{3x^2 + 2}{x^3(1+x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx^2;$$

$$(4) d^2 y = \frac{\sec x [(x^2 - 1)^2 (1 + 2 \tan^2 x) - 2x(x^2 - 1) \tan x + 2x^2 + 1]}{(x^2 - 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx^2 ;$$

$$(5) d^3 y = -27(\sin 3x + x \cos 3x) dx^3 ;$$

$$(6) d^2 y = x^x [(1 + \ln x)^2 + \frac{1}{x}] dx^2 ;$$

$$(7) d^n y = \frac{(-1)^n n!}{x^{n+1}} \left[\ln x - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k} \right] dx^n ;$$

$$(8) d^n y = (n!)^2 \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{2^k x^k \cos(2x + \frac{k\pi}{2})}{(k!)^2 (n-k)!} dx^n .$$

$$11 . (1) [f''(u) \sec^4 x + 2f'(u) \sec^2 x \tan x] dx^2 ;$$

$$(2) \frac{g''(u) \ln^2 x - g'(u)(1 + 2 \ln x)}{4x^2 \ln^{\frac{3}{2}} x} dx^2 ;$$

$$(3) [f'(u)g(u) + f(u)g'(u)]d^2u + [f''(u)g(u) + 2f'(u)g'(u) + f(u)g''(u)]du^2 ;$$

$$(4) \frac{g'(u)}{g(u)} d^2u + \frac{g''(u)g(u) - (g'(u))^2}{g^2(u)} du^2 ;$$

$$(5) \frac{f'(u)g(u) - f(u)g'(u)}{g^2(u)} d^2u +$$

$$\frac{f''(u)g^2(u) - f(u)g(u)g''(u) - 2f'(u)g'(u)g(u) + 2f(u)(g'(u))^2}{g^3(u)} du^2 .$$